

December 5-6, 2018

Norris Conference Centers -
City Centre, Houston, Texas
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Accelerating Completion Optimization in the Unconventional Reservoirs Through Machine Learning Coupled to Reservoir Characterization

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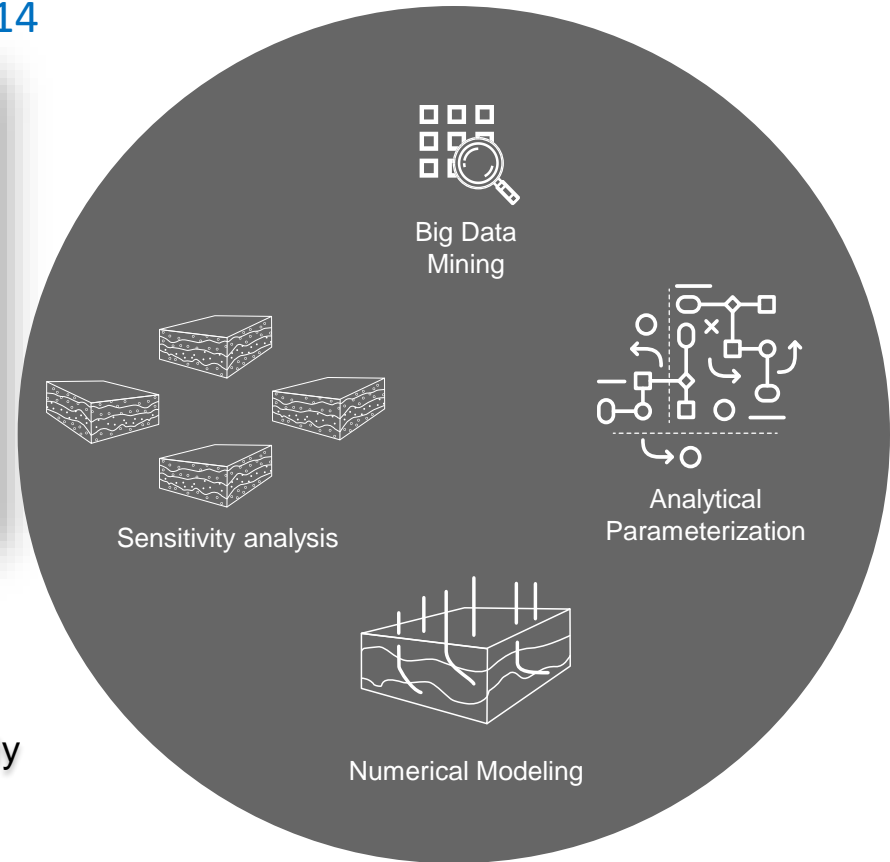
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Exploiting the Reservoirs in a Factory Mode

CAPEX has dropped by approximately 25% since 2014



When you fly over Midland



“Get more out of little”

Improved Efficiency
Improved bbl/\$

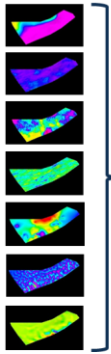
1-2TB of data daily



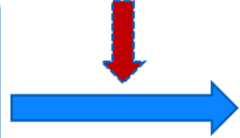
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Machine Learning Approach

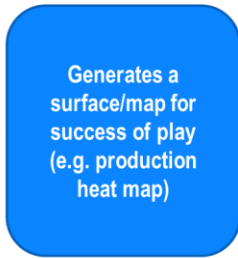
Input parameters



Input maps/surfaces
for the desired area

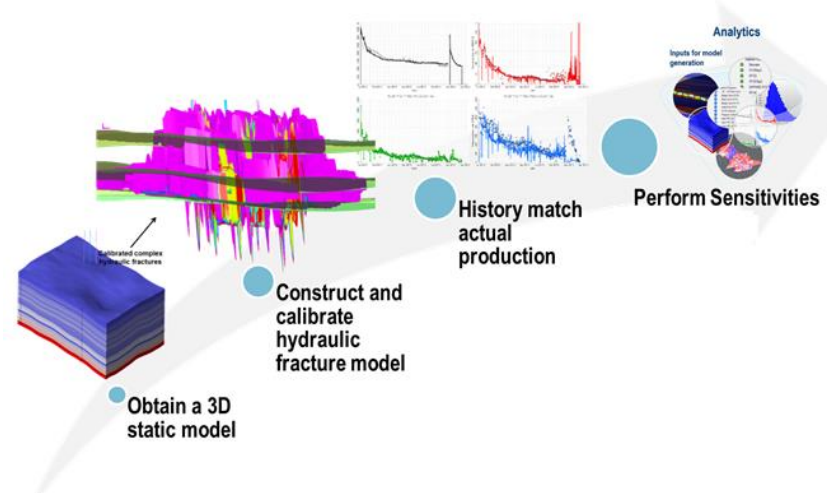


Output



Sweet spot prediction technique using machine learning

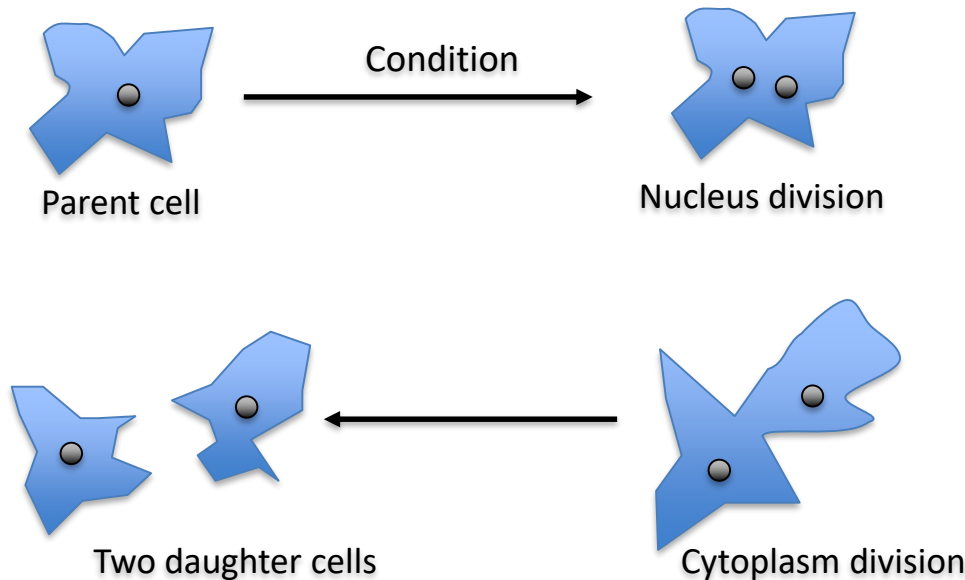
Machine learning has enabled forward modeling in a faster scalable media



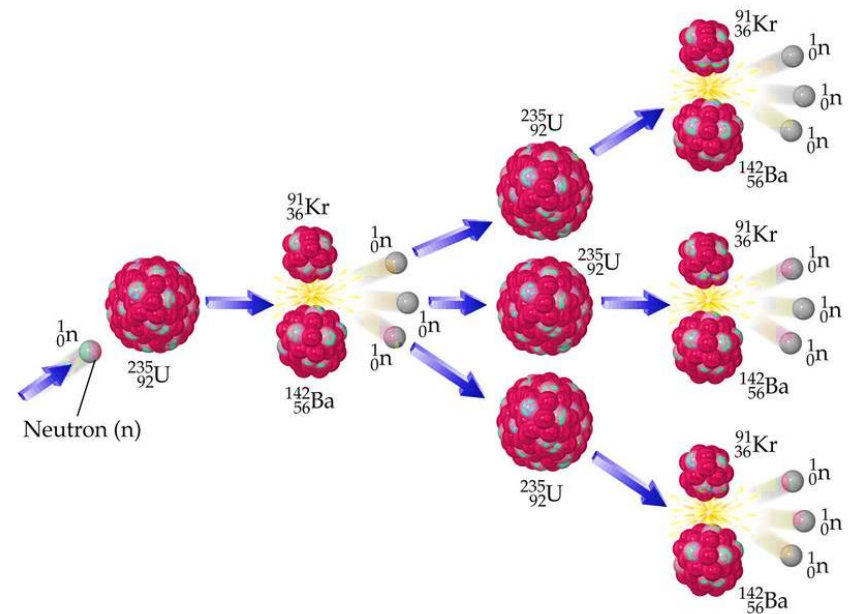
Completion Sensitivity Approach Coupled to Analytics

Methodology for completion “proxy” modeling

Binary Fission in Amoeba



Multiple Fission in Uranium

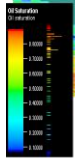


With the right trigger, multiple realizations are created in the nature

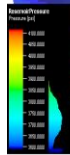
Earth model serves as the uranium

Geo Model
Parameters

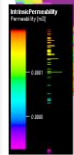
Property#1



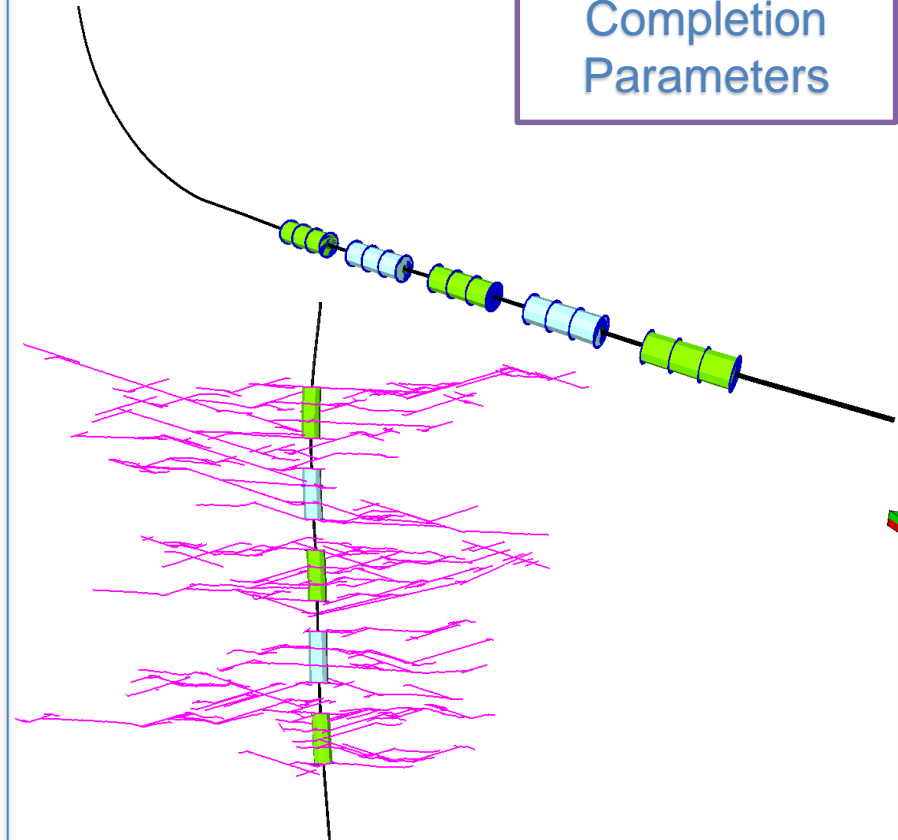
Property#2



Property#n



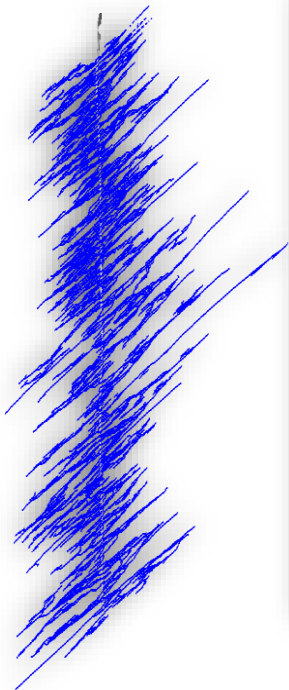
Completion
Parameters



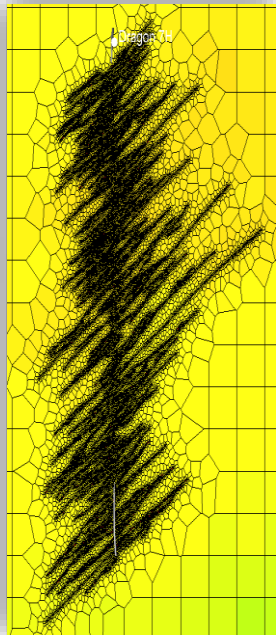
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Methodology

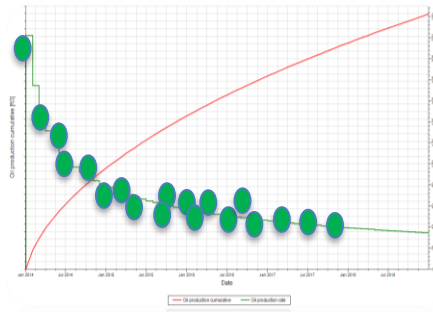
Calibration of model and perturbing in the space of possible variation



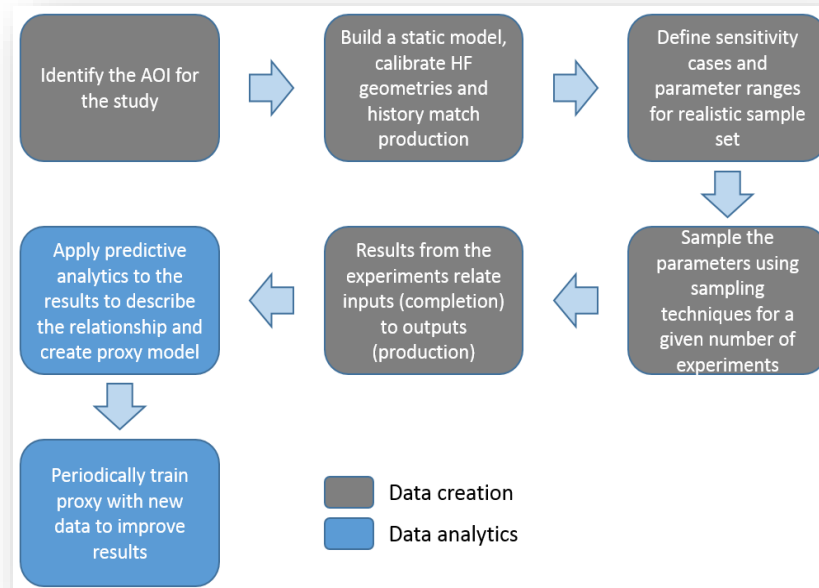
Hydraulic Fracture Calibration



Stimulated Rock Volume Calibration



System Calibration



Space of the sensitivity variable

Completion Parameters as Sensitivity Variables

- Stage count (10-30)
- Number of clusters (4-10)
- Fluid type (9 fluids)
- Proppant amount (200-600 Klb)
- Proppant size (6 sizes)
- Proppant type (9 types)
- Pump rate (20-100 bpm)
- BHP (1,000-3,000 psi)

Analytics Prediction Model

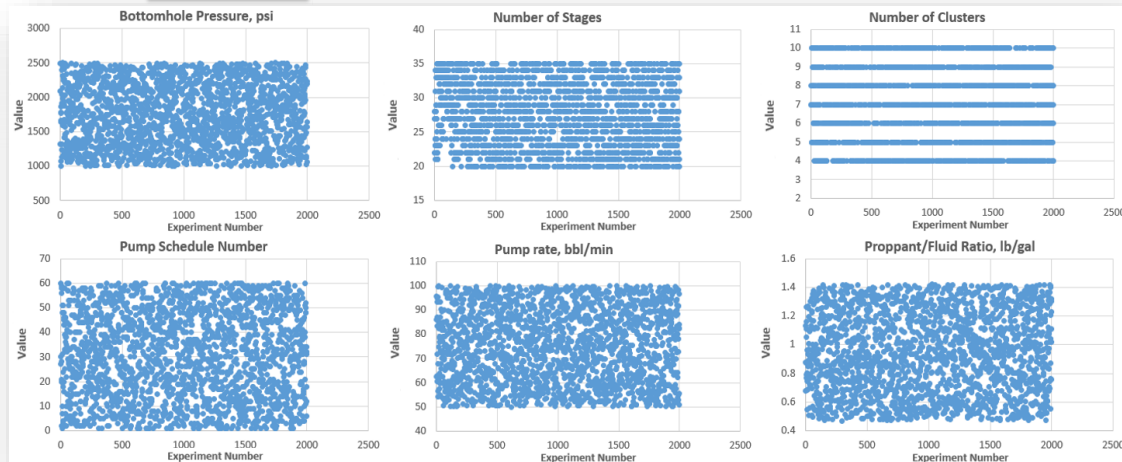
B1

B3

B12

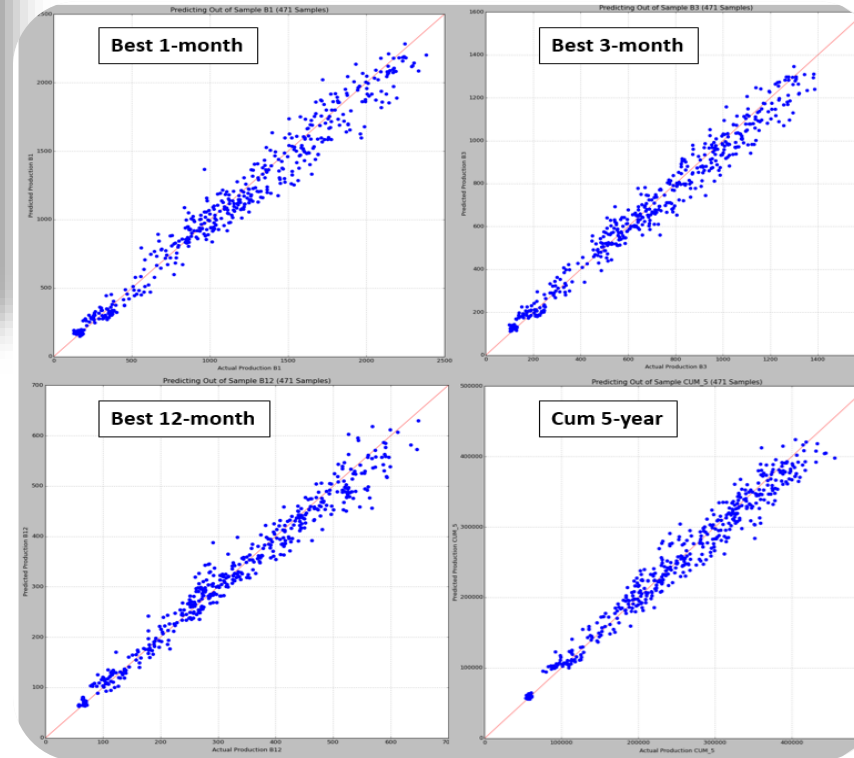
CUM 5

More than 2000 data points were generated

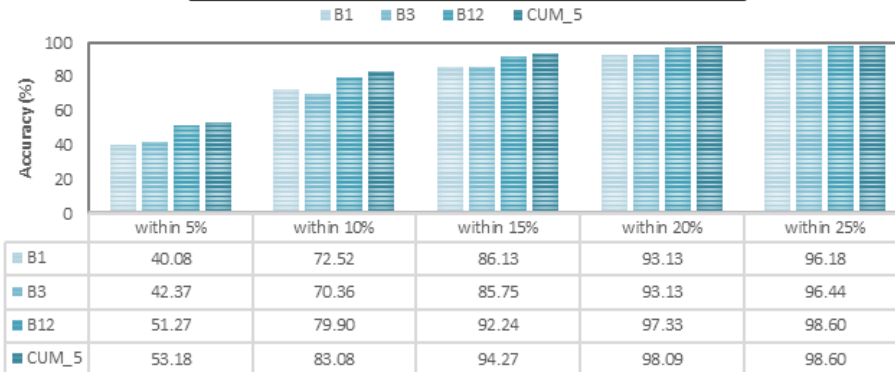


Best Suited Machine Learning Algorithm

Approach	Collinearity of Prediction	within 5%	within 10 %	within 15%	within 20%	within 25%	Predicted Sample Length
RandomForest	77.20%	34.84	62.07	80.09	90.37	95.84	1572
GradBoost	91.00%	52.73	82.1	93.44	97.04	98.77	1572
LinearRegression	84.90%	35.78	69.55	87.7	93.97	97.17	1572
DecisionTree	77.00%	33.91	61.94	79.43	90.77	95.71	1572
AdaBoost	82.00%	35.38	65.55	84.91	92.65	96.38	1572
MF OLS	84.10%	41.35	69.72	87.15	94.98	97.27	1572
MF NN	87.20%	45.4	76.07	90.53	96.61	98.23	1572

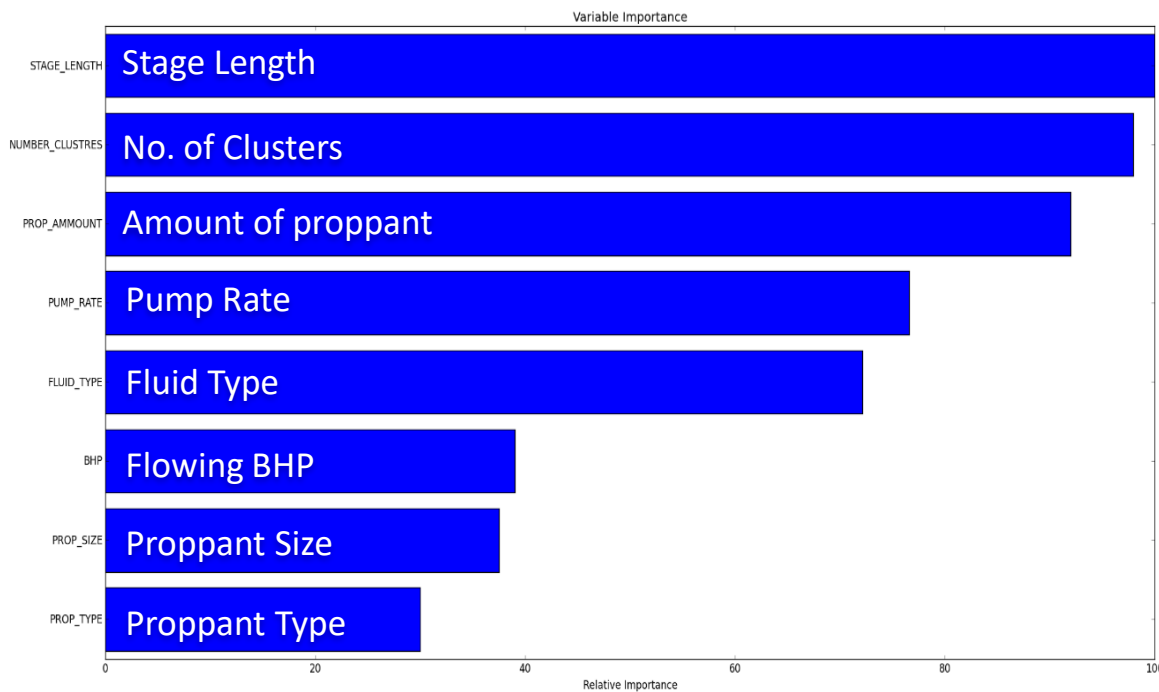


PREDICTION ACCURACY FOR ALL TARGETS



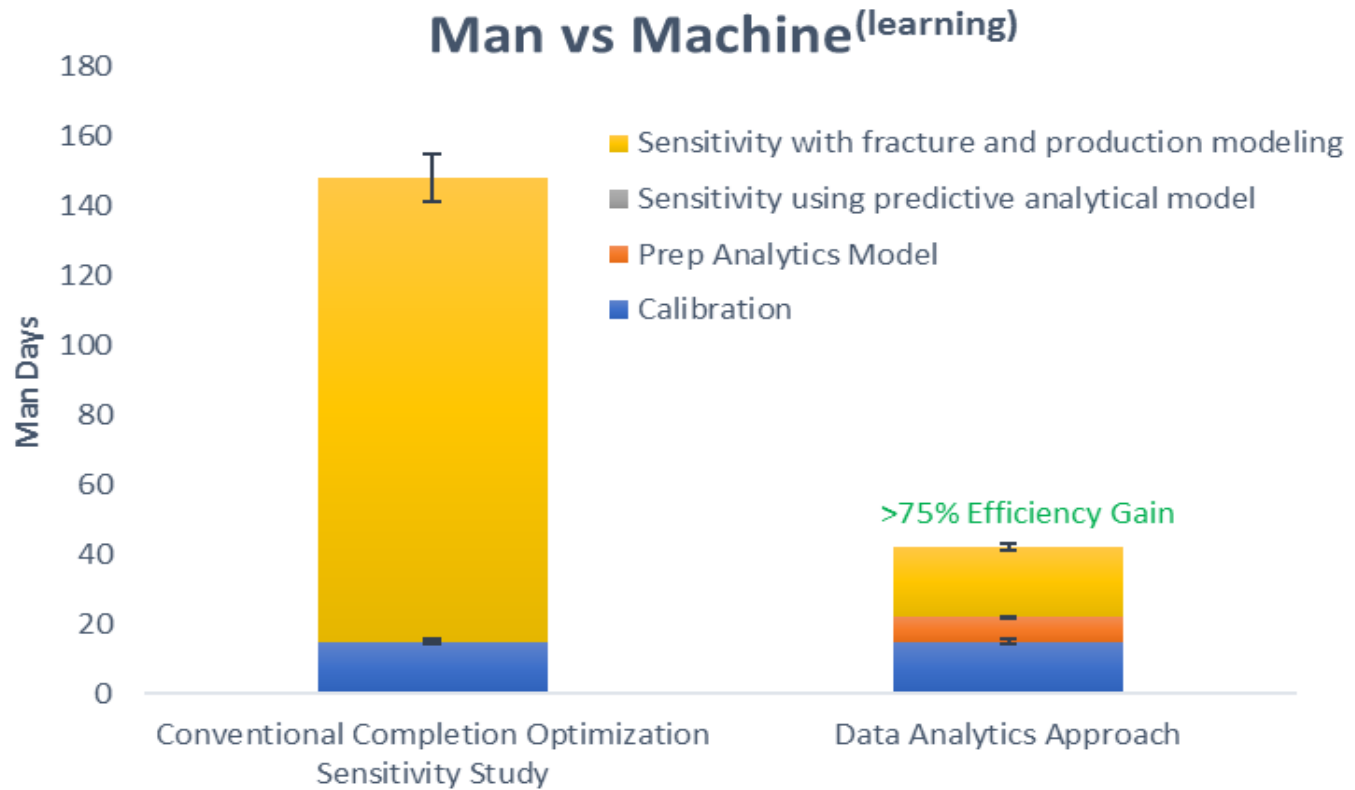
Good fit with GradBoost Algorithm

What impacted the result the most : Drivers for well performance



Predictive Proxy model allows faster economic decisions without rigorous modeling on future wells

Time saving

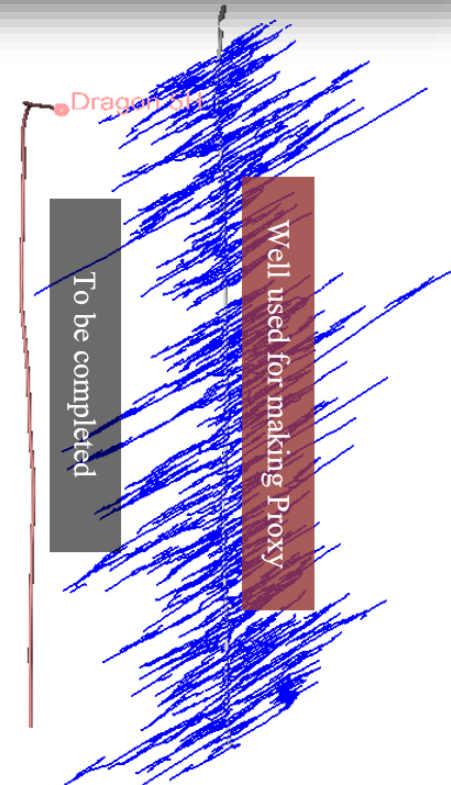
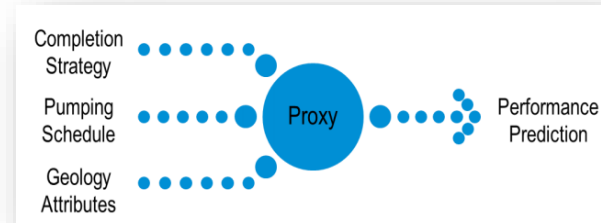


Conclusions

- Predictive proxy model allows engineers to design the completions and predict the response to production and NPV almost real-time.
- As long as the geology does not significantly vary, the directional response for optimum well completion can be derived from the proxy modeling.
- High level decision making does not have to wait on rigorous modeling and simulations to fast-track the “engineered” completion approach.
- Drivers for production performance can be identified quickly for different pads

The specific learnings from Predictive proxy model developed for Eagle Ford in this study are:

1. A calibrated model is a fundamental step to create a reliable predictive proxy.
2. The Predictive proxy models had an excellent predictability on all four targets of B1, B3, B12 and Cum_5
3. Higher accuracy is achieved for long term predictions (Cum 5 > B1)



Acknowledgements

Schlumberger

World Oil

Reference

OTC-28632 • Need for Speed: Data Analytics Coupled to Reservoir Characterization Fast Tracks Well Completion Optimization

Piyush Pankaj, Schlumberger; Steve Geetan and Richard MacDonald, Priyavrat Shukla, Abhishek Sharma, Samir Menasria, Han Xue and Tobias Judd

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